

학술지 개편 및 홈페이지 구성

2020년 10월 29일

한국과학학술지편집인협의회
조혜민

학술지 발행 A~Z

- 학술지 정책 및 Aims and Scope
- 위원회 구성
- 학술지명 결정, 학술지 등록
- 업체선정
- 규정작성
- 학술지 홈페이지 구성, 투고관리시스템 구축

학술지 정책

- 학술지의 목적을 명확히 결정
 - 국제 무대에서 경쟁력을 갖춘 학술지로...
 - 국내 연구자(실무자), 학생 등을 위한 최신 정보제공, 교육용 학술지로... => 제대로 된 국제 수준의 한글 학술지
- 주제 범위 설정
 - 전 세계적으로 많은 학술지가 발행됨. 기존에 많이 다루어지는 범위는 가능한 피함
 - 일반적인 주제=>세부 전문 주제
 - Journal of Movement Disorders
(대한파킨슨병 및 이상운동질환학회)
 - 최근에 새롭게 대두되는 주제 중심
 - (*) AHCI, SSCI 주제분야 등을 참고

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편집위원회 구성1

- 조직의 모양을 갖추
- 편집위원의 수: 학술지의 규모에 따라 10-50명?
- 편집위원의 지역 분포
 - 국제학술지: 최소 3대륙에서 위촉
 - 아시아 지역에 초점을 맞춘 학술지: 아시아 지역의 여러 나라 연구진 위촉
 - 국내학술지: 평가기관의 지역구분에 따라 각 지역에서 골고루 위촉
- 편집위원의 자격:
 - 연구업적이 많고 편집에 참여해본 경험이 많은 분
 - 좋은 평가를 받기 위해 관련없는 유명학자를 편집위원으로 위촉하는 행위 금함

편집위원회 구성2

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- Administration staff/Administrative support/Editorial assistant
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Research article	Unsolicited contributor	Yes
Methodology article	Unsolicited or invited contributor	Yes
Case study	Unsolicited contributor	Yes
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Letter to the editor	Unsolicited contributor (Editor may invited oroginal authors to respond)	Editorially reviewed
Obituary	Invited or unsolicited contributor	No
News item	Invited or unsolicited contributor	No

학술지 명칭

- ▶ 학술지명은 주제를 명확히 나타내며 누구나 쉽게 기억할 수 있는 이름으로 결정함
 - ▶ Korean 을 넣느냐...
 - ▶ 누구나 기억하기 쉬운 약어를 만드는 것도 필요
ex) **C**linical **E**xperimental **O**torhinolaryngology
-

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- ▶ 해당 분야의 대표적인 데이터베이스
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- ▶ Google, Google Scholar
- ▶ 동일한 명칭의 학술지?
 - ▶ 학술지명 뒤에 도시명을 추가함
Journal of English language and literature (Kanazawa.
1993)
Law & Justice (Seoul)

Law & justice



ISSN: 0269-817X

Country: United Kingdom

Status: Confirmed

Law&Justice (SEOUL)



ISSN: 2586-7040

Country: Korea, Republic of

Status: Confirmed

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▶ ISSN (International Standard Serial Number)

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• DOI (Digital Object Identifier)

- CrossRef로 직접 신청 OR 분야별 대행기관을 통해 신청
- <http://dx.doi.org/10.6087/kcse.2014.1.51>

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- 학술지 출판(PDF 조판)
- 정보시스템 관련
 - 홈페이지
 - 논문투고관리시스템
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- 원고교정업체
 - 영문교정
 - Manuscript editing
- 학술지 디자인

업체 선정: 해외업체의 장단점

- 장점

- 외국 학술지 출판 Know How를 배울 수 있음
- 전세계에 뻗어있는 Network을 통해 학술지 널리 알릴 수 있음

- 단점

- 고비용(특히 open access로 할 경우 \$3,000/편 예상)
- 판권, 출판국가 어디에?
 - 출판국가가 해당 출판사 지역으로 변경될 수 있음
- 우리나라 학술지에 대한 질 관리 소홀

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Experimental & molecular medicine

Author(s): Taehan Saenghwahak Punja Saengmul Hakhoe
Saenghwahak Punja Saengmul Hakhoe

NLM Title Abbreviation: Exp Mol Med

ISO Abbreviation: Exp. Mol. Med.

Title(s): Experimental & molecular medicine.

Other Title(s): Experimental and molecular medicine

Continues: Korean journal of biochemistry

Publication Start Year: 1996

Frequency: Monthly, 2009-

Country of Publication: United States

Publisher: Seoul : Korean Society of Medical Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, 1996-

Latest Publisher: Jan. 2013- : New York : Nature Publishing Group

Description: v. : ill.

Language: English

업체 선정: 출판사 선정시 고려점

- 학술지를 몇 종이냐 출판하는가?
- SCI/SCOPUS 학술지는 몇 종이냐 출판하는가? 총 종수 대비 비교 포함
- 표나 그림의 편집이 가능한가?
- 디자인 실력을 갖추고 있는지?
- 출판에 사용하는 프로그램은 무엇인지.. 여러 프로그램의 장단점을 알고 있는지?
- 용지에 대한 기본 지식(ISO, ANSI 규격 등)을 갖추고 있는지?
- 1호(10편 기준)를 편집하고 인쇄하는데 걸리는 시간은?
- 해당 출판사에서 가장 잘 제작된 학술지 실물 평가
- 유형별 편집 형태 평가
- 가격비교(부수에 다른 가격, 칼라 or 흑백, 용지, 별책가격 등)

학술지 디자인

- 원하는 디자인 Concept
- 학술지 크기
- 색채
 - 칼라? 흑백? 혼용(웹: 칼라, 출판: 흑백)?
- 샘플 학술지 제시
- 업체로부터 4-5개의 시안을 받아 결정
- 디자인 종류
 - 표지
 - 내지
 - 기타: 봉투, 편집위원 명함, 홍보자료

Evaluation of vitrification for cryopreservation of teeth

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Purpose: The aim of this study was to investigate whether vitrification in the cryopreservation of periodontal ligament (PDL) cells could be useful for tooth banking.

Methods: In step 1, primary cultured human PDL cells were cryopreserved in 100% conventional cryopreservation media and 100% vitrification media (ESF₄₀ media) in different temperatures for 2 weeks. In step 2, a series of modified vitrification formulae named T₁ (75% vitrification media + 25% F-media), T₂ (50% vitrification media + 50% F-media) and T₃ (25% vitrification media + 75% F-media) were used to store PDL cells for 2 weeks and 4 weeks in liquid nitrogen. MTT assay was performed to examine the viability of PDL cells.

Results: Maximum cell viability was achieved in cells stored in 100% conventional cryopreservation media at -196°C (positive control group) in step 1. Compared to the positive control group, viability of the cells stored in 100% vitrification media was very low as 10% in all test conditions. In step 2, as the percentage of vitrification media decreased, the cell viability increased in cells stored for 2 weeks. In 4-week storage of cells in step 2, higher cell viability was observed in the T₂ group than the other vitrification formulae while the positive control group had the highest viability. There was no statistically significant difference in the cell viability of 2-week and 4-week stored cells in the T₂ group.

Conclusions: These observations indicate 100% vitrification media is not successful in PDL cell cryopreservation. Conventional cryopreservation media is currently the most appropriate media type for this purpose while T₂ media would be interesting to test for long-term storage of PDL cells.

Keywords: Cryopreservation, Periodontal ligament, Tissue banks.

INTRODUCTION

Preservation of teeth for future use, mainly for autografts and for selected allografts, shows potential for organization of a tooth bank. The proper storage of donor teeth in order to maintain the viability and differentiation capability of periodontal ligament (PDL) cells is an important factor in determining success after autotransplantation. Transplantation of a healthy tooth has been reported to induce the regeneration

of the destroyed alveolar bone through the differentiation capability of PDL cells [1].

Cryopreservation is the method of choice for long term storage of living tissues. Despite its disadvantages, this technique has been practiced for many decades in preserving the vital functions of the cells of many types of mammalian and human tissues. A method for cryopreservation of mature teeth has been developed by modifying the techniques used for cryopreservation of mammalian embryos [2]. Successful

creased after BCG vaccination; however, in those with inactive asthma, FEV₁ % personal best was significantly decreased.

There was an inverse correlation between age and degree of FEV₁ improvement after BCG treatment (Δ FEV₁), but there was a positive correlation between peripheral blood eosinophil % and Δ FEV₁ (Fig. 1). FEV₁ % personal best, but not FEV₁ % predicted, was significantly related to Δ FEV₁ (Fig. 2).

The rate of good/fair responses was significantly higher in subjects with eosinophilia ($\geq 450/\text{mm}^3$)² (40.0%/28.0% vs. 15.3%/14.5%, $\chi^2 = 13.5$; $P = 0.001$). Good or fair response rates each occurred in 21.3% of atopic, but only 15.8% and 10.5% of non-atopic, subjects. The 42.7% good/fair response rate in atopic subjects was significantly higher than the 26.3% rate in non-atopic subjects ($P = 0.045$; Fig. 3). Although atopic and non-atopic male subjects did not differ in their good/fair response rate (33.3% each), atopic female subjects had a signifi-

cantly higher rate of good/fair responses (57.1% vs. 21.2%; $P < 0.01$). Among atopic subjects, the good/fair response rate in females was significantly higher than in males (57.1% vs. 33.3%; $P = 0.027$). When the analysis was limited to subjects younger than 50 years old, 10/11 (90.9%) females showed a good or fair response compared with 4/10 (40.0%) males ($P = 0.024$; Fig. 3).

Good responders to BCG vaccination were significantly younger and had a significantly higher blood eosinophil % than poor responders (Table 3). The distribution of subjects with eosinophilia differed significantly depending upon responses to BCG vaccination, but the distribution of subjects with positive reactions to atopy markers did not. FEV₁ % predicted was significantly lower in good than that in fair responders, and FEV₁ % personal best was significantly lower in good than that in fair/poor responders. The FEV₁/FVC ratio was significantly higher in good than in poor responders after BCG vaccination. The grade of asthma activity before BCG vaccination was significantly higher in good than in poor responders, but this was reversed after BCG vaccination. Compared with baseline, lung function and asthma activity grade were improved after BCG vaccination in good/fair responders, with the exception of Min%/Max in fair responders. However, FEV₁ % personal best was significantly decreased and asthma activity grade increased significantly after BCG vaccination in poor responders.

Crude odds ratios for good/fair responses were significant in terms of age, blood eosinophil %, atopy, FEV₁ % personal best, and asthma activity grade (Table 4). In males, blood eosinophil %, FEV₁ % personal best, and asthma activity grade were significant and, in females, age, blood eosinophil %, atopy and FEV₁ % personal best were significant. No adjusted odds ratio was

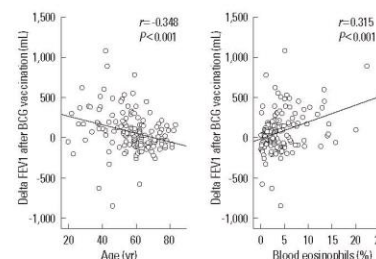


Fig. 1. Relationship between the change in forced expiratory volume in 1 sec (FEV₁) after BCG vaccination and age (left panel) or peripheral blood eosinophil % (right panel).

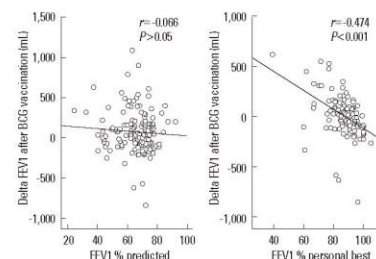


Fig. 2. Relationship between the change in forced expiratory volume in 1 sec (FEV₁) after BCG vaccination and baseline FEV₁ expressed as % predicted value (left panel) or % personal best value (right panel).

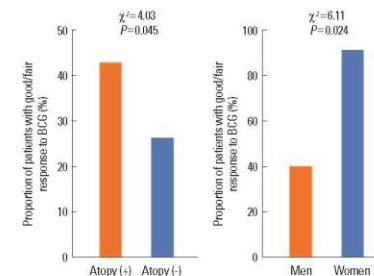


Fig. 3. Proportion of subjects who showed a good or fair response to BCG vaccination to total subjects among asthma patients with or without atopy (left panel) and in ≤ 50 year old males and females with atopic asthma (right panel). Good or fair response: Δ forced expiratory volume in 1 sec (FEV₁) $\geq 6\%$ and 100 mL or Δ peak expiratory flow (PEF) $\geq 10\%$ and 30 L/min; atopy: wheal size of allergen $> 25\%$ of that of histamine or allergen-specific IgE ≥ 0.35 kU/L (UniCAP).

Received: Mar 26, 2010; Accepted: May 03, 2010

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ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Changes in Diet and Lifestyle and Long-Term Weight Gain in Women and Men

Dariush Mozaffarian, M.D., Dr.P.H., Tao Hao, M.P.H., Eric B. Rimm, Sc.D.,
Walter C. Willett, M.D., Dr.P.H., and Frank B. Hu, M.D., Ph.D.

ABSTRACT

BACKGROUND

From the Division of Cardiovascular Medicine (D.M.) and Channing Laboratory (D.M., E.B.R., W.C.W., F.B.H.), Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School; and the Departments of Epidemiology (D.M., T.H., E.B.R., W.C.W., F.B.H.) and Nutrition (D.M., E.B.R., W.C.W., F.B.H.), Harvard School of Public Health — all in Boston. Address reprint

Specific dietary and other lifestyle behaviors may affect the success of the straightforward-sounding strategy “eat less and exercise more” for preventing long-term weight gain.

METHODS

We performed prospective investigations involving three separate cohorts that included 120,877 U.S. women and men who were free of chronic diseases and not obese

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학술지 관련 규정/양식 작성

- 규정

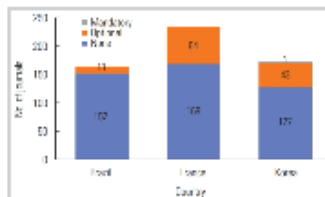
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- 저작권 이양동의서
- 저자체크리스트
- Conflict of Interest
- Informed consent

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Original Article August 20, 2020

Status of the data sharing policies of scholarly journals published in Brazil, France, and Korea and listed in both the 2018 Scimago Journal and Country Ranking and the Web of Science

Geum Hee Jeong
Sci Ed. 2020;7(2):136-141.

Purpose: The present study analyzed the current status of the data sharing policies of journals published in Brazil, France, and Korea that were listed in the 2018 Scimago Journal and...



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Volume 7(2); Aug 2020

Editorial

109 COVID-19 and publishing

Kihong Kim

Sci Ed. 2020;7(2):109-110. Published online August 20, 2020 DOI: <https://doi.org/10.6087/kcse.203>

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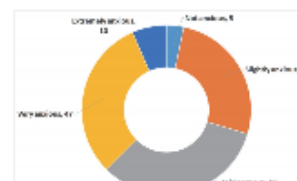
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111 Influence of the COVID-19 pandemic on Asian scholarly journal editors' daily life, work, and opinions on future journal development

Yeonok Chung, Sue Kim, Sun Huh

Sci Ed. 2020;7(2):111-117. Published online August 20, 2020



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Aims and Scope

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Science Editing (Sci Ed) is the official journal of the Korean Council of Science Editors (<https://kcse.org>) and Council of Asian Science Editors (<https://asianeditor.org>). It aims to improve the culture and health of human being by promoting the quality of editing and publishing scientific, technical, and medical journals. Expected readers are editors, publishers, reviewers, and authors of the journals around the world; however, specially focused to those in Asia. Since scholarly journals in Asia are mostly published by the academic societies, universities, or non-profit organizations, Sci Ed is sought to play a role in journal development. The number of publications from Asia is increasing rapidly and overpass that of other continents; meanwhile, the number of international journals and highly appreciated journals is yet to be coming forward. It is task of Asian editors to pledge the journal quality and broaden the visibility and accessibility. Therefore, its scope includes the followings in the field of science, technology, and medicine.

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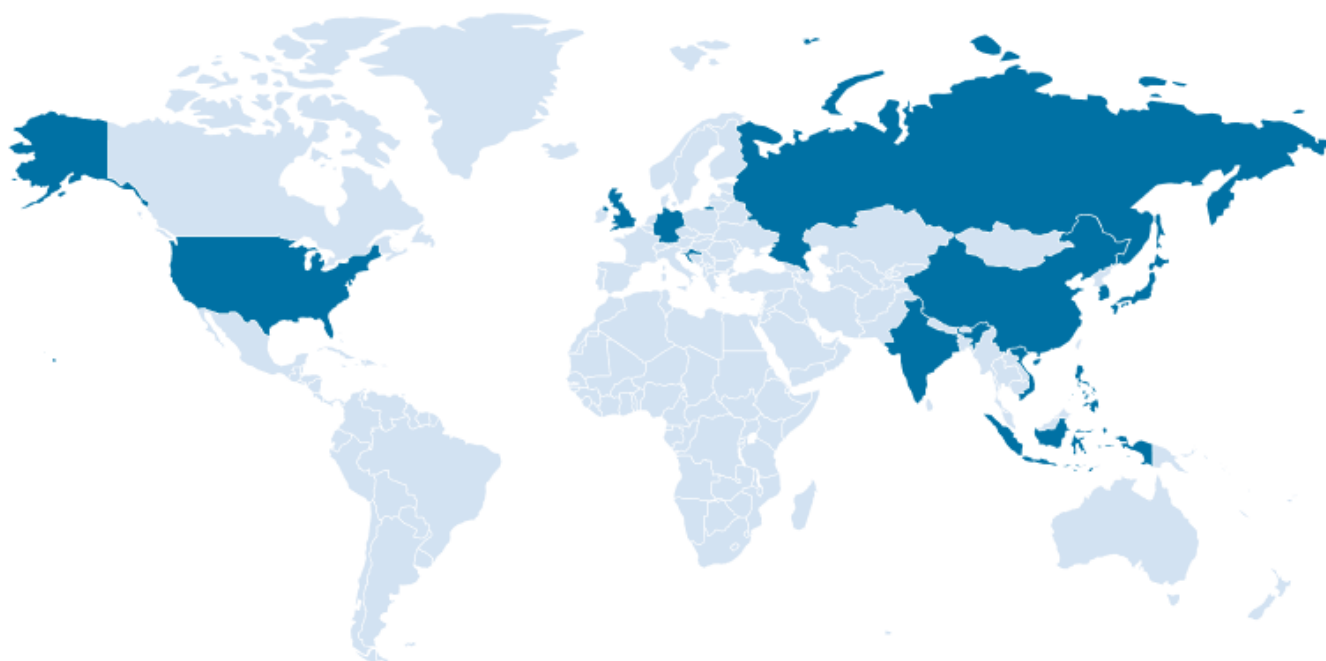
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2018-2019

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[H](#) > [About](#) > Publishing Credentials[2020-2022](#)[2017-2019](#)[2014-2017](#)

Publishing Credentials (2020-2022)

Journal Manager: Kihong Kim, Ajou University, Korea

Dr. Kim is a theoretical physicist who has published more than 150 research articles. He served as the executive editor of the *Journal of the Korean Physical Society* from January 2011 to December 2012. In 2014, he became the inaugural editor of Science Editing, and since then he has successfully guided the journal to internationally top-tier status in a short period, which was made possible by his excellent editorial competence.

Manager of the Review Process: Jung A Kim, Associate Editor of Science Editing, Hanyang University, Korea

Dr. Kim is a nursing professor. She has served as an associate editor of Science Editing from 2014 to the present. Since 2010, she has been an editorial board member of *Healthcare Informatics Research*, which is listed in PubMed Central. Her extensive experience with publications and the review process has helped Science Editing to select appropriate reviewers to fit its aims and scope.

Ethics Editor: Cheol-Heui Yun, Seoul National University, Korea

Dr. Yun has been a professor at Animal Science and Biotechnology at Seoul National University, Korea since 2006. He completed his Ph. D. at the University of Saskatchewan, Canada in the area of immune modulation and mucosal immunology. He then pursued his professional career at leading research institutes throughout the world including the International Vaccine Institute (IVI, Korea), the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA, USA), the National Institutes of Health (NIH, USA) and Gothenburg University (Sweden) where he undertook research related to stressors, vaccines, infections, and host protective immunity. His research interests have focused on the mechanisms of action of stressors and the modulation of host immune responses, interactive mucosal immunity, the development of vaccines and adjuvants, and immunometabolism. He has also served as chair of the Ethics Committee of the Korean Council of Science

Principles of Transparency and **Best Practice** in Scholarly Publishing?

- 학술 출판에서 투명성 원칙과 처리 기준
- 주요 학술 문헌 출판관련 단체의 기본 심사 기준
 - 영국 출판윤리위원회(The Committee on Publication Ethics, COPE)
 - 오픈엑세스 저널 디렉토리(The Directory of Open Access Journals, DOAJ)
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 - OA 학술지들의 편집진, 출판비용, 논문게재비용 등을 구체적으로 공개
 - Scopus 등 국제적인 데이터베이스 등재 평가에서 꼭 필요함
 - 우리나라의 대부분의 학술지에 적용됨

학술 출판에서 투명성 원칙과 처리 기준

이 글은 DOAJ 공식선언문 “Principles of Best Practice and Transparency in Scholarly Publishing” (<https://doaj.org/bestpractice>)의 번역본이다.

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서론

학술지나 발행인 관련 비영리기관인 영국 출판윤리위원회(The Committee on Publication Ethics, COPE), 오픈엑세스 저널 디렉토리(The Directory of Open Access Journals, DOAJ), 오픈엑세스 학술출판 협회(Open Access Scholarly Publishers Association, OASPA), 세계의학편집인협회(The World Association of Medical Editors, WAME)는 회원 수 및 회원 심사의 질적인 측면에서 발전을 거듭해 왔다. 회원 가입 선정 기준으로 “학술 출판의 투명성 원칙과 처리 기준”을 마련하여 이 기준을 COPE, DOAJ, OASPA가 회원 심사에 활용하고 WAME도 일부 선별기준으로 활용한다. 각 기관마다 회원 가입 심사할 때 이 처리 기준 외 별도 항목을 활용한다. 이들 기관에 회원 가입을 신청했다가 탈락한 학술지나 발행인 목록은 다른 곳에 제공하지 않는다.

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HOME

ABOUT

BROWSE ARTICLES

CURRENT ISSUE

FOR AUTHORS AND REVIEWERS

science
editing

Aims and Scope

About the Journal

Abstracting and Indexing
Services

Editorial Board

Best Practice

[Best Practice](#)

Journal Management Team

Publishing Credentials

Open Access

Advertising Policies for
print and web publications

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Contact us

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[H](#) > [About](#) > [Best Practice](#)



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Principles of transparency and best practice

Posted in July 7, 2018 and printed in February 20, 2019

Table of Contents

1. Website
2. Name of Journal
3. Peer Review Process
4. Ownership and Management
5. Governing Body
6. Editorial Team and Contact Information
7. Copyright and Licensing
8. Author Fees
9. Process for Identification of and Dealing with Allegations of Research Misconduct
10. Research & Publication Ethics

Journal Information

- 학술지 공식명칭
- 학술지 공식약어
- 창간연도
- 간기
- 출판사
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- ISSN
- DOI Prefix
- 학술지 변경내용
- 주제
- 저작권/라이선스
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Journal Title:	Clinical and Experimental Otorhinolaryngology
Journal Abbreviation:	Clin Exp Otorhinolaryngol
Acronym:	CEO
Publication Date:	Vol. 1, no. 1 (2008) -
Frequency:	Quarterly
Publisher:	Korean Society of Otorhinolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery
Language:	English
pISSN:	1976-8710
eISSN:	2005-0720
DOI Prefix:	10.21053
Continued By:	Clinical and Experimental Otorhinolaryngology
Broad Subject Term(s):	Otolaryngology
MeSH (NLM):	Head/surgery Neck/surgery Otorhinolaryngologic Diseases
SC (SCI):	Otorhinolaryngology
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[Research and
Publication Ethics >](#)

[Copyright Transfer
Agreement & Conflict
Of Interest Form](#)

[AUTHOR'S INDEX >](#)

[E-MAIL ALERTS >](#)

과학편집
Science Editing

Metrics [>](#)

scopus
Bibliography
crossref
Data sharing
Retraction
xml author
Data citation

2. Archives/Articles/Issues/Contents

- 학술지의 원문을 볼 수 있거나 최소한 볼 수 있는 사이트로 안내해야 함
- 유료인 경우에도 영어로 초록까지는 볼 수 있도록..
- 권호별/주제별로 찾아보거나 검색할 수 있어야 함



HOME

ABOUT

BROWSE ARTICLES

CURRENT ISSUE

FOR AUTHORS AND REVIEWERS

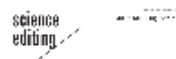


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This archive contains

Current Issue



Volume 7, No 2

All Issues

Vol. 7 2020	v.7(1) Feb 2020	v.7(2) Aug 2020
Vol. 6 2019	v.6(1) Feb 2019	v.6(2) Aug 2019
Vol. 5 2018	v.5(1) Feb 2018	v.5(2) Aug 2018

- Journal Archive
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Copyright Transfer
Agreement & Conflict
Of Interest Form



AUTHOR'S INDEX >

E-MAIL ALERTS >



과학편집
Science Editing



Metrics >

software publishers
Vietnam **crossref**
Data sharing
Retraction Asia
Bibliography



Science Editing > Volume 7(2); 2020 > Article

Original Article

Sci Ed 2020; 7(2): 111-117.

<https://doi.org/10.6087/kcse.204>

Influence of the COVID-19 pandemic on Asian scholarly journal editors' daily life, work, and opinions on future journal development

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Received August 7, 2020 Accepted August 11, 2020

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Abstract

Go to : ▼

Purpose

This study examined changes in Asian journal editors' daily life and work during the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic and investigated their opinions on expected changes, thereby providing preliminary data to support the future needs of journal editors.

Methods

A survey questionnaire was developed and sent to 1,537 editors and staff of Asian scientific journals from July 13 to 19, 2020. The items gathered information on participants' general characteristics, changes in daily life, changes in work life, anticipated future changes, and suggestions in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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PDF Links

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Supplement1

Supplement2

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Supplement4

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METRICS [Graph View](#)

1

Crossref

1

Scopus

616

View

54

Download



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BROWSE ARTICLES

CURRENT ISSUE

FOR AUTHORS AND REVIEWERS



Advanced Search »

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Published online: August 31, 2020

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국문학술지

어머니의 감독과 심리적 통제가 청소년의 공격성에 미치는 영향: 도덕적 이탈의 매개적 역할

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¹이화여자대학교 아동학과 석사

²이화여자대학교 아동학과 교수

Effect of Mother's Monitoring and Psychological Control on Adolescents' Aggression: Mediating Role of Moral Disengagement

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Received February 29, 2020 Revised April 24, 2020 Accepted May 31, 2020

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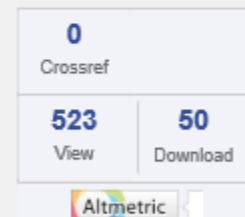
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Objectives

This study aimed to identify the direct effects of mothers' monitoring, psychological control, and indirect effects through moral disengagement on adolescents' aggression.

Methods

A total of 403 middle school students (147 males, 256 females) completed a self-report questionnaire, including measures of mothers' monitoring and psychological control and adolescents' moral disengagement and aggression. The collected data were analyzed using t-tests, correlation analysis, and structural equation modeling (SEM).

Results

Results revealed that the direct effects of mothers' monitoring and psychological control on adolescents' aggression and the indirect effects mediated by moral disengagement were significant.

Conclusion

This study underlines the importance of mothers' monitoring and psychological control and moral disengagement on adolescents' aggression. The study results defined that a cognitive distortion acted as an internal mechanism that produces aggression by discovering the significant mediating effect of moral disengagement accordingly indicated a need for a cognitive approach in the intervention programs of moral enhancement.

Keywords: monitoring, psychological control, moral disengagement, aggression

Introduction

Go to : 

청소년기는 급격한 발달적 변화가 이루어지는 시기인데, 이 시기에 청소년들이 갈등과 스트레스를 잘 해소하지 못하거나 발달과업을 잘 수행하지 못한다면 이는 공격성, 비행, 우울 등의 문제행동으로 이어질 위험이 있다(Rönnlund & Karlsson, 2006). 문제행동 중에서도 공격성과 폭력 문제는 사회적으로 문제가 되고 있으며, 최근 부산 여중생 폭행 사건과 인천 중학생 추락사 사건 등으로 청소년의 폭력과 또래 괴롭힘 문제에 대한 우려의 목소리는 더욱 커지고 있다. 2018년 1차 학교폭력 실태조사에 따르면 학교폭력 피해 응답률은 전년도에 비해서 증가하였으며, 폭력의 형태는 언어폭력, 집단따돌림, 스토킹, 사이버 괴롭힘 순으로 나타났다(Ministry of Education, 2018). 청소년의 공격성은 학업적인 부분은 물론 비행, 범죄, 정신병리까지의 심각한 부적응적 결과로 확대될 위험이 있어 더욱 관심을 가져야 한다(Crick & Grotpeter, 1995; Vaillancourt, Brendgen, Boivin, & Tremblay, 2003). 이로 인한 사회적 문제를 예방하기 위해서는 청소년기의 공격성을 예방하기 위한 적절한 교육과 개입이 필요하며 이와 관련된 요인을 살펴볼 필요성이 있다. 연구자들은 공격성에 가장 큰 영향을 미치는 요인을 가정과 부모의 양육행동으로 보았다(H. Y. Kim, 2010; D. Lee & Yum, 2015). 본 연구는 부모의 양육행동 중 자녀의 발달에 긍정적인 영향을 미친다고 평가되는 감독과 부정적으로 평가되는 심리적 통제로 나누어 공격성과의 상관을 살펴보고자 하였다.



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

J Neurocrit Care 2009;2(1): 1-5.

급성 외측연수경색에서 난치성 딸꾹질의 임상적 특성과 국소화

허소영¹ · 유봉구¹ · 민지원²

고신대학교 의과대학 신경과학교실,¹ 신마산병원 신경과²

Clinical Feature and Localization of Intractable Hiccup in Patients with Acute Lateral Medullary Infarction

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ABSTRACT

Background: Intractable hiccups are defined as hiccup persisting for more than 48 hours. The relationship between lesion location of lateral medullary infarction (LMI) and intractable hiccup is rarely reported. This study was designed to investigate the clinical characteristics and topographic patterns of intractable hiccups in the LMI.

Methods: We identified 9 patients with intractable hiccups by medical record, telephone interview and brain MRI between 1998 and 2003. LMI was diagnosed by clinical findings and brain MRI. MRI lesions were classified vertically as upper, middle and lower level and horizontally.

Results: All patients with intractable hiccups were men. The onset time of intractable hiccups was 3.8 ± 2.7 days (range, 1-7 days). The duration of intractable hiccups was 15.1 ± 8.9 days (range, 4-31 days). Vertically, three patients had lesions in the upper medulla, two patients had lesions in the upper and middle medulla, two patients had lesions in the all levels of the medulla, one patient had lesions in the middle medulla, and one patient had lesions in the middle and lower medulla. Horizontally, dorsolateral and/or midlateral lesions were always involved. All patients with LMI with intractable hiccup had vertigo/dizziness, nausea/vomiting and dysphagia.

Conclusions: These results demonstrate that intractable hiccups are frequent in men and related to the dorsolateral region of the middle and/or upper levels of medulla. We suggest that involvement of the nucleus ambiguus may be responsible for intractable hiccups.

Key Words: Hiccups-Lateral medullary infarction-MRI

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December;7(2)

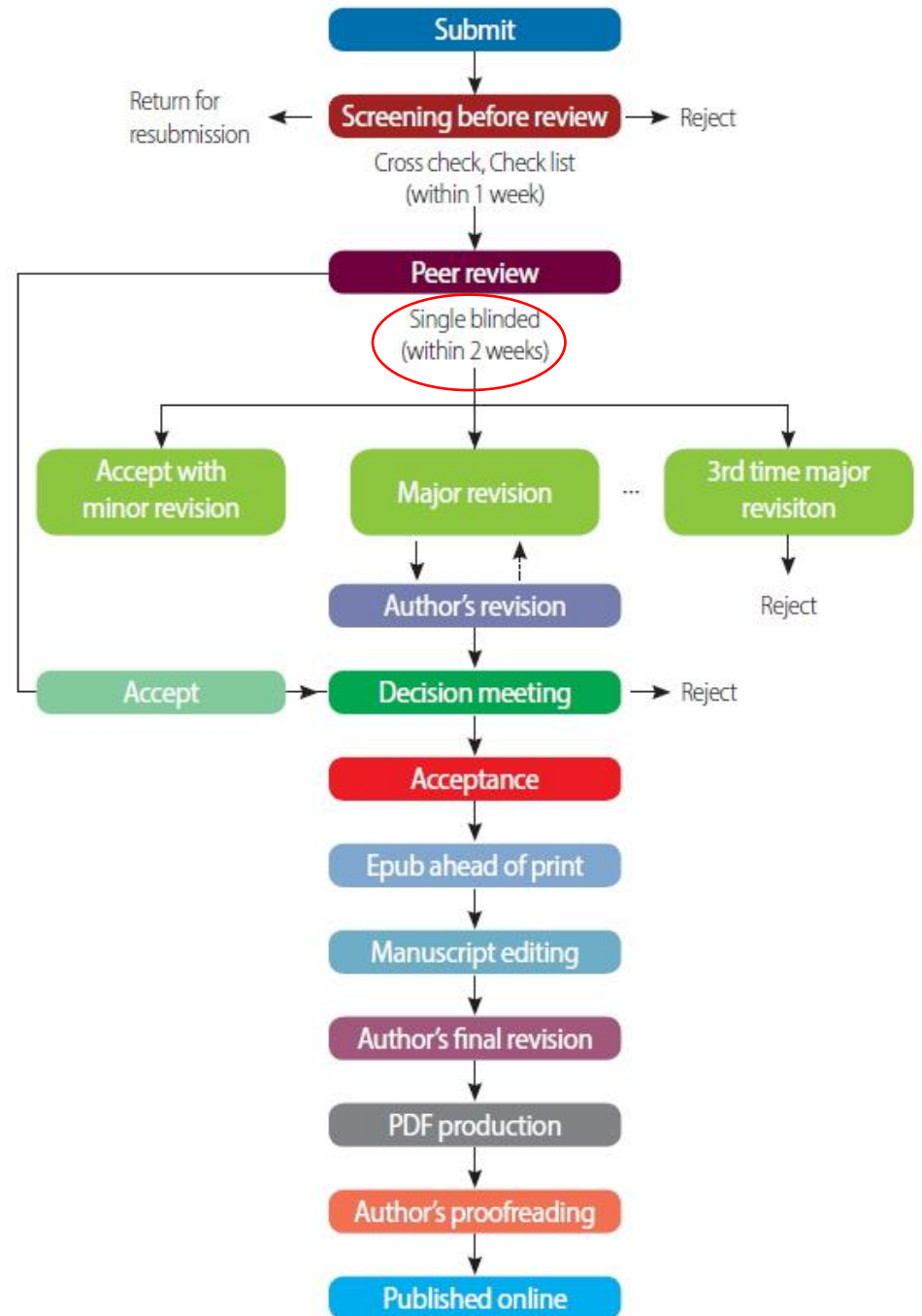
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